	(Original Signature of Member)
110	TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION H. R.
\mathbf{T}_{0}	amend the antitrust laws to ensure competitive market-based rates and terms for merchants' access to electronic payment systems.
	IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
М	r. Conyers (for himself and) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on
То	A BILL amend the antitrust laws to ensure competitive market- based rates and terms for merchants' access to electronic
	payment systems.
1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Credit Card Fair Fee

5 Act of 2008".

1	SEC. 2. LIMITED ANTITRUST IMMUNITY FOR THE NEGOTIA-
2	TION AND DETERMINATION OF RATES AND
3	TERMS FOR ACCESS TO COVERED ELEC-
4	TRONIC PAYMENT SYSTEMS.
5	(a) Definitions.—For purposes of this Act:
6	(1) "Access agreement" means an agreement
7	giving a merchant permission to access a covered
8	electronic payment system to accept credit cards
9	and/or debit cards from consumers for payment for
10	goods and services as well as to receive payment for
11	such goods and services, conditioned solely upon the
12	merchant complying with the rates and terms speci-
13	fied in the agreement.
14	(2) "Acquirer" means a financial institution
15	that provides services allowing merchants to access
16	an electronic payment system to accept credit cards
17	and/or debit cards for payment, but does not include
18	independent third party processors that may act as
19	the acquirer's agent in processing general-purpose
20	credit or debit card transactions.
21	(3) "Antitrust Division" means the Antitrust
22	Division of the U.S. Department of Justice.
23	(4) "Antitrust Laws" has the meaning given it
24	in subsection (a) of the first section of the Clayton
25	Act (15 U.S.C. 12(a)), except that such term in-
26	cludes section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission

1	Act (15 U.S.C. 45) to the extent section 5 applies
2	to unfair methods of competition as well as any
3	similar State law.
4	(5) "Base year" means the most recent full cal-
5	endar year prior to the initiation of a proceeding
6	under this Act.
7	(6) "Commission" means the Federal Trade
8	Commission Bureau of Competition.
9	(7) "Credit card" means any general-purpose
10	card or other device issued or approved for use by
11	a financial institution allowing the cardholder to ob-
12	tain goods or services on credit on terms specified by
13	that financial institution.
14	(8) "Covered electronic payment system" means
15	an electronic payment system that has been used for
16	at least 20% of the combined dollar value of U.S.
17	credit, signature-based debit, and PIN-based debit
18	card payments processed in the applicable base year.
19	(9) "Debit card" means any general-purpose
20	card or other device issued or approved for use by
21	a financial institution for use in debiting a card-
22	holder's account for the purpose of that cardholder
23	obtaining goods or services, whether authorization is
24	signature-based or PIN-based.

1	(10) "Electronic payment system" means the
2	proprietary services and infrastructure that route in-
3	formation and data to facilitate transaction author-
4	ization, clearance, and settlement that merchants
5	must access in order to accept a specific brand of
6	general-purpose credit and/or debit cards as pay-
7	ment for goods and services.
8	(11) "Financial institution" has the same
9	meaning as in section 603(t) of the Fair Credit Re-
10	porting Act.
11	(12) "Issuer" means a financial institution that
12	issues credit cards and/or debit cards or approves
13	the use of other devices for use in an electronic pay-
14	ment system, but does not include independent third
15	party processors that may act as the issuer's agent
16	in processing general-purpose credit or debit card
17	transactions;
18	(13) "Market power" means the ability profit-
19	ably to raise prices above those that would be
20	charged in a perfectly competitive market.
21	(14) "Merchant" means any person who ac-
22	cepts credit cards and/or debit cards in payment for
23	goods or services that they provide.
24	(15) "Normal rate of return" means the aver-
25	age rate of return that a firm would receive in an

1	industry when conditions of perfect competition pre-
2	vail.
3	(16) "Party" means either all providers of a
4	single covered electronic payment system collectively
5	or all merchants collectively.
6	(17) "Person" has the meaning given it in sub-
7	section (a) of the first section of the Clayton Act (15
8	U.S.C. 12(a)).
9	(18) "Provider" means any person who owns,
10	operates, controls, serves as an issuer, or serves as
11	an acquirer for a covered electronic payment system.
12	(19) "State" has the meaning given it in sec-
13	tion $4G(2)$ of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. $15g(2)$).
14	(20) "Terms" means all rules applicable either
15	to providers of a single covered electronic payment
16	system or to merchants, and that are required in
17	order to provide or access that covered electronic
18	payment system for processing credit and/or debit
19	card transactions.
20	(21) "Voluntarily negotiated access agreement"
21	means an executed agreement voluntarily negotiated
22	between 1 or more providers of a single covered elec-
23	tronic payment system and 1 or more merchants
24	that sets the rates and terms pursuant to which the
25	1 or more merchants can access that covered elec-

1	tronic payment system to accept credit cards and/or
2	debit cards from consumers for payment of goods
3	and services, and receive payment for such goods
4	and services.
5	(b) Access to Covered Electronic Payment
6	Systems.—Access to any covered electronic payment sys-
7	tem by merchants shall be subject to this Act.
8	(c) Authority and Limited Antitrust Immunity
9	FOR NEGOTIATIONS AND PARTICIPATION IN PRO-
10	CEEDINGS.—Notwithstanding any provision of the anti-
11	trust laws, in negotiating access rates and terms and par-
12	ticipating in any proceedings in accordance with sub-
13	section (d), any providers of a single covered electronic
14	payment system and any merchants may jointly negotiate
15	and agree upon the rates and terms for access to the cov-
16	ered electronic payment system, including through the use
17	of common agents that represent either providers of a sin-
18	gle covered electronic payment system or merchants on a
19	non-exclusive basis. Any providers of a single covered elec-
20	tronic payment system also may jointly determine the pro-
21	portionate division among themselves of paid access fees.
22	(d) Determination of Access Rates and
23	TERMS.—
24	(1) Proceedings under this Act
25	shall determine rates and terms for access to a cov-

ered electronic payment system during the 3-year period beginning on January 1 of the second year following the year in which the proceedings are to be commenced, except where a different transitional period is provided under section 6. Except as specified in a voluntarily negotiated access agreement, no other fees, terms, or conditions of any kind may be imposed directly or indirectly on any merchant for accessing a covered electronic payment system. The parties to each proceeding shall bear their own costs.

(2) Determinations of the electronic payment system judges.—

(A) APPLICABILITY.—The schedule of rates and terms determined by the Electronic Payment System Judges with respect to a single covered electronic payment system shall, subject to paragraph (4), be binding on all providers of that single covered electronic payment system and merchants affected by this paragraph during the 3-year period specified in subparagraph (1). For any given covered electronic payment system, such rates and terms shall be the same for all merchants, regardless of merchant category or volume of transactions (either in number or dollar value) generated.

1	(B) Standard for determinations.—
2	In establishing rates and terms for access to a
3	covered electronic payment system by mer-
4	chants, the Electronic Payment System Judges
5	shall establish rates and terms that most closely
6	represent the rates and terms that would be ne-
7	gotiated in a hypothetical perfectly competitive
8	marketplace for access to an electronic payment
9	system between a willing buyer with no market
10	power and a willing seller with no market
11	power. In determining such rates and terms,
12	the Electronic Payment System Judges shall
13	consider the costs necessary to provide and ac-
14	cess an electronic payment system for proc-
15	essing credit and/or debit card transactions as
16	well as a normal rate of return in such a hypo-
17	thetical perfectly competitive marketplace. The
18	Electronic Payment System Judges shall not in-
19	clude any anticompetitive rates or terms.
20	(C) Use of existing rates and terms
21	AS EVIDENCE.—In determining such rates and
22	terms, the Electronic Payment System Judges
23	generally shall decide the appropriate weight to
24	be given to any evidence submitted by a party
25	regarding the rates and terms for access to

1	comparable electronic payment systems, includ-
2	ing rates and terms set forth in voluntarily ne-
3	gotiated access agreements filed pursuant to
4	subparagraph (4). The Electronic Payment Sys-
5	tem Judges shall give significant weight, how-
6	ever, to rates voluntarily negotiated between
7	one or more providers of a single covered elec-
8	tronic payments system and one or more mer-
9	chants that are substantially below those rates
10	reflective of the market power of covered elec-
11	tronic payment systems that existed prior to the
12	enactment of this Act.
13	(3) Initiation.—The procedures under sub-
14	paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be initiated pursuant to
15	section 5.
16	(4) Voluntarily negotiated access agree-
17	MENTS.—
18	(A) AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE PAR-
19	Ties.—Voluntarily negotiated access agree-
20	ments may be executed at any time between 1
21	or more providers of a single covered electronic
22	payment system and 1 or more merchants, and
23	such voluntarily negotiated access agreements
24	shall be given effect with respect to those par-

1	ties in lieu of any determination by the Elec-
2	tronic Payment System Judges.
3	(B) FILING AGREEMENTS WITH THE ELEC-
4	TRONIC PAYMENT SYSTEM JUDGES.—Any pro-
5	viders of a single covered electronic payment
6	system and merchants affected by this section
7	must jointly file with the Electronic Payment
8	System Judges any voluntarily negotiated ac-
9	cess agreements that affect any domestic or
10	international market, including related docu-
11	mentation evidencing any consideration being
12	given, any marketing or promotional agree-
13	ments between the parties, and any subsequent
14	amendments to such agreements and docu-
15	mentation.
16	(C) Timing of and access to filings.—
17	The parties to any voluntarily negotiated access
18	agreement executed subsequent to the enact-
19	ment of the Credit Card Fair Fee Act of 2008
20	must jointly file such agreement, amendment,
21	or documentation with the Electronic Payment
22	System Judges within 30 days of executing the
23	agreement, amendment, or documentation. The
24	Electronic Payment System Judges shall make
25	publicly available all such agreements, amend-

1	ments, and related documentation executed sub-
2	sequent to the date of enactment of this Act.
3	SEC. 3. ELECTRONIC PAYMENT SYSTEM JUDGES.
4	(a) Appointment.—The Antitrust Division and
5	Commission shall appoint 3 full-time Electronic Payment
6	System Judges, and shall appoint 1 of the 3 as the Chief
7	Electronic Payment System Judge.
8	(b) Functions.—Subject to the provisions of this
9	Act, the function of the Electronic Payment System
10	Judges shall be to make determinations of access rates
11	and terms calculated to most closely represent the rates
12	and terms that would be negotiated in a hypothetical per-
13	feetly competitive marketplace for access to an electronic
14	payment system between a willing buyer with no market
15	power and a willing seller with no market power. In deter-
16	mining such rates and terms, the Electronic Payment Sys-
17	tem Judges shall consider the costs necessary to provide
18	and access an electronic payment system for processing
19	credit and/or debit card transactions as well as a normal
20	rate of return in such a hypothetical perfectly competitive
21	marketplace.
22	(c) Rulings.—The Electronic Payment System
23	Judges may make any necessary procedural or evidentiary
24	rulings in any proceeding under this Act and may, before
25	commencing a proceeding under this Act, make any proce-

dural rulings that would apply to the proceedings con-2 ducted by the Electronic Payment System Judges. 3 (d) Administrative Support.—The Antitrust Divi-4 sion and Commission shall provide the Electronic Payment 5 System Judges with the necessary administrative services related to proceedings under this Act. 6 (e) Location.—The offices of the Electronic Pay-7 8 ment System Judges and staff shall be in the Antitrust Division or Commission. 10 (f) Qualifications of Electronic Payment Sys-11 TEM JUDGES.— 12 (1) In General.—Each Electronic Payment 13 System Judge shall be an attorney who has at least 14 7 years of legal experience. The Chief Electronic 15 Payment System Judge shall have at least 5 years 16 of experience in adjudications, arbitrations, or court 17 trials. Of the other 2 Electronic Payment System 18 Judges, 1 shall have significant knowledge of elec-19 tronic payment systems, and the other shall have 20 significant knowledge of economics. An individual 21 may serve as an Electronic Payment System Judge only if the individual is free of any financial conflict 22 23 of interest under subsection (m). 24 (2) Definition.—In this subsection, the term 25 "adjudication" has the meaning given that term in

1	section 551 of title 5, but does not include medi-
2	ation.
3	(g) Staff.—The Chief Electronic Payment System
4	Judge shall hire 3 full-time staff members to assist the
5	Electronic Payment System Judges in performing their
6	functions.
7	(h) TERMS.—The individual first appointed as the
8	Chief Electronic Payment System Judge shall be ap-
9	pointed to a term of 6 years, and of the remaining individ-
10	uals first appointed as Electronic Payment System
11	Judges, 1 shall be appointed to a term of 4 years, and
12	the other shall be appointed to a term of 2 years. There-
13	after, the terms of succeeding Electronic Payment System
14	Judges shall each be 6 years. An individual serving as an
15	Electronic Payment System Judge may be reappointed to
16	subsequent terms. The term of an Electronic Payment
17	System Judge shall begin when the term of the prede-
18	cessor of that Electronic Payment System Judge ends.
19	When the term of office of an Electronic Payment System
20	Judge ends, the individual serving that term may continue
21	to serve until a successor is installed.
22	(i) VACANCIES OR INCAPACITY.—
23	(1) Vacancies.—If a vacancy should occur in
24	the position of Electronic Payment System Judge,
25	the Antitrust Division and Commission shall act ex-

- peditiously to fill the vacancy, and may appoint an interim Electronic Payment System Judge to serve until another Electronic Payment System Judge is appointed under this section. An individual appointed to fill the vacancy occurring before the expiration of the term for which the predecessor of that individual was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of that term.
 - (2) Incapacity.—In the case in which an Electronic Payment System Judge is temporarily unable to perform his or her duties, the Antitrust Division and Commission may appoint an interim Electronic Payment System Judge to perform such duties during the period of such incapacity.

(j) Compensation.—

(1) Judges.—The Chief Electronic Payment System Judge shall receive compensation at the rate of basic pay payable for level AL-1 for administrative law judges pursuant to section 5372(b) of title 5, and each of the other two Electronic Payment System Judges shall receive compensation at the rate of basic pay payable for level AL-2 for administrative law judges pursuant to such section. The compensation of the Electronic Payment System Judges shall not be subject to any regulations adopt-

1	ed by the Office of Personnel Management pursuant
2	to its authority under section $5376(b)(1)$ of title 5.
3	(2) Staff members.—Of the staff members
4	appointed under subsection (g)—
5	(A) the rate of pay of 1 staff member shall
6	be not more than the basic rate of pay payable
7	for level 10 of GS-15 of the General Schedule;
8	(B) the rate of pay of 1 staff member shall
9	be not less than the basic rate of pay payable
10	for GS-13 of the General Schedule and not
11	more than the basic rate of pay payable for
12	level 10 of GS-14 of such Schedule; and
13	(C) the rate of pay for the third staff
14	member shall be not less than the basic rate of
15	pay payable for GS-8 of the General Schedule
16	and not more than the basic rate of pay payable
17	for level 10 of GS-11 of such Schedule.
18	(3) LOCALITY PAY.—All rates of pay referred to
19	under this subsection shall include locality pay.
20	(k) Independence of Electronic Payment Sys-
21	TEM JUDGE.—
22	(1) In making determinations.—
23	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Electronic Pay-
24	ment System Judges shall have full independ-
25	ence in making determinations concerning ad-

1	justments and determinations of rates and
2	terms for access to covered electronic payment
3	systems and in issuing other rulings under this
4	title, except that the Electronic Payment Sys-
5	tem Judges may consult with the Antitrust Di-
6	vision and Commission on any matter other
7	than a question of fact.
8	(B) Consultation.—Notwithstanding the
9	provisions of subparagraph (A), the Electronic
10	Payment System Judges shall consult with the
11	Antitrust Division and Commission with respect
12	to any determination or ruling that would re-
13	quire that any act be performed by the Anti-
14	trust Division and Commission, and any such
15	determination or ruling shall not be binding
16	upon the Antitrust Division or Commission.
17	(2) Performance appraisals.—
18	(A) In General.—Notwithstanding any
19	other provision of law or any regulation of the
20	Antitrust Division and Commission, and subject
21	to subparagraph (B), the Electronic Payment
22	System Judges shall not receive performance
23	appraisals.
24	(B) Relating to sanction or re-
25	MOVAL.—To the extent that the Antitrust Divi-

1	sion and Commission adopt regulations under
2	subsection (m) relating to the sanction or re-
3	moval of an Electronic Payment System Judge
4	and such regulations require documentation to
5	establish the cause of such sanction or removal,
6	the Electronic Payment System Judge may re-
7	ceive an appraisal related specifically to the
8	cause of the sanction or removal.
9	(l) Inconsistent Duties Barred.—No Electronic
10	Payment System Judge may undertake duties that conflict
11	with his or her duties and responsibilities as an Electronic
12	Payment System Judge.
13	(m) STANDARDS OF CONDUCT.—The Antitrust Divi-
14	sion and Commission shall adopt regulations regarding the
15	standards of conduct, including financial conflict of inter-
16	est and restrictions against ex parte communications,
17	which shall govern the Electronic Payment System Judges
18	and the proceedings under this Act.
19	(n) Removal or Sanction.—The Antitrust Division
20	and Commission may sanction or remove an Electronic
21	Payment System Judge for violation of the standards of
22	conduct adopted under subsection (m), misconduct, ne-
23	glect of duty, or any disqualifying physical or mental dis-
24	ability. Any such sanction or removal may be made only
25	after notice and opportunity for a hearing, but the Anti-

trust Division and Commission may suspend the Electronic Payment System Judge during the pendency of 3 such hearing. The Antitrust Division and Commission 4 shall appoint an interim Electronic Payment System 5 Judge during the period of any such suspension. 6 SEC. 4. PROCEEDINGS OF ELECTRONIC PAYMENT SYSTEM 7 JUDGES. 8 (a) Proceedings.— 9 (1) In General.—The Electronic Payment 10 System Judges shall act in accordance with regula-11 tions issued by the Electronic Payment System 12 Judges and the Antitrust Division and Commission, 13 and on the basis of a written record, prior deter-14 minations and interpretations of the Electronic Pav-15 ment System Judges under this Act, and decisions 16 of the court of appeals under this section. 17 (2) Judges acting as panel and individ-18 UALLY.—The Electronic Payment System Judges 19 shall preside over hearings in proceedings under this 20 Act en banc. The Chief Electronic Payment System 21 Judge may designate an Electronic Payment System 22 Judge to preside individually over such collateral 23 and administrative proceedings, and over such pro-24 ceedings under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection 25 (b), as the Chief Judge considers appropriate.

1 (3) Determination limited to choosing 2 ONE OF THE TWO FINAL OFFERS.—Prior to the 3 commencement of a direct hearing in a proceeding 4 under section 5(b)(3)(B)(xi), the party entitled to 5 receive access fee payments shall file with the Elec-6 tronic Payment System Judges its final offer of 7 rates and terms. Simultaneously, the party obligated 8 to pay access fee payments shall file with the Elec-9 tronic Payment System Judges its final offer of 10 rates and terms. The parties also shall exchange 11 these final offers, which cannot be amended. In 12 making a determination under section 5(c), the Elec-13 tronic Payment System Judges shall be limited to 14 choosing, without modification, one of these two 15 final offers. 16 (4) Voting and dissenting opinions.—Final 17 determinations of the Electronic Payment System 18 Judges in proceedings under this Act shall be made 19 by majority vote. An Electronic Payment System 20 Judge dissenting from the majority on any deter-21 mination under this Act may issue his or her dis-22 senting opinion, which shall be included with the de-23 termination. 24 (b) Procedures.—

1	(1) Initiation.—The Electronic Payment Sys-
2	tem Judges shall cause to be published in the Fed-
3	eral Register notice of commencement of proceedings
4	referred to in section 3 as provided under section 6.
5	(2) Voluntary negotiation period.—
6	(A) IN GENERAL.—Promptly after the
7	commencement of a proceeding, the Electronic
8	Payment System Judges shall initiate a vol-
9	untary negotiation period among the parties.
10	(B) Length.—The voluntary negotiation
11	period initiated under subparagraph (A) shall
12	be 3 months. Nothing in this subsection, how-
13	ever, prohibits parties from negotiating and en-
14	tering into voluntarily negotiated access agree-
15	ments at any other time.
16	(C) Determination of Need for Sub-
17	SEQUENT PROCEEDINGS.—At the close of the
18	voluntary negotiation proceedings, the Elec-
19	tronic Payment System Judges shall determine
20	if further proceedings under this Act are nec-
21	essary. In any such proceeding, all providers of
22	the covered electronic payment system shall
23	participate as a single party and all merchants
24	shall participate as a single party, except to the

1	extent certain providers or merchants pursue
2	voluntarily negotiated access agreements.
3	(3) Regulations.—
4	(A) In General.—The Electronic Pay-
5	ment System Judges may issue regulations to
6	carry out their functions under this title. All
7	regulations issued by the Electronic Payment
8	System Judges are subject to the approval of
9	the Antitrust Division and Commission. Not
10	later than 120 days after Electronic Payment
11	System Judges are first appointed after the en-
12	actment of the Credit Card Fair Fee Act of
13	2008, such judges shall issue regulations to
14	govern proceedings under this Act. In setting
15	these regulations, the Electronic Payment Sys-
16	tem Judges shall consider the regulations
17	issued by the Copyright Royalty Judges pursu-
18	ant to 17 U.S.C. 803(b)(6).
19	(B) Requirements.—Regulations issued
20	under subparagraph (A) shall include the fol-
21	lowing:
22	(i) Written direct statements.—
23	The written direct statements of the par-
24	ties to a proceeding shall be filed by a date
25	specified by the Electronic Payment Sys-

1 tem Judges, which may be no	ot earlier than
2 4 months, and not later th	an 5 months,
3 after the end of the volunta	ry negotiation
4 period under paragraph ((3). Notwith-
5 standing the preceding sente	nce, the Elec-
6 tronic Payment System Judg	ges may allow
7 a party in a proceeding to fil	e an amended
8 written direct statement base	ed on new in-
9 formation received during	the discovery
process, within 15 days after	er the end of
the discovery period specified	in clause (ii).
In this Act, the term "writter	n direct state-
ments' means witness stat	ements, testi-
mony, and exhibits to be pre-	esented in the
proceedings, and such other	r information
that is necessary to establish	access terms
and rates as set forth in regu	ulations issued
by the Electronic Payment S	ystem Judges.
19 (ii) Discovery sch	EDULE.—Fol-
lowing the submission to t	the Electronic
Payment System Judges of	written direct
statements by the parties to	a proceeding,
the judges shall meet with t	the parties for
the purpose of setting a sche	edule for con-
ducting and completing dis	scovery. Such

1	schedule shall be determined by the Elec-
2	tronic Payment System Judges. Discovery
3	in such proceedings shall be permitted for
4	a period of 60 days, except for discovery
5	ordered by the Electronic Payment System
6	Judges in connection with the resolution of
7	motions, orders, and disputes pending at
8	the end of such period.
9	(iii) Initial disclosures.—In a pro-
10	ceeding under this Act to determine rates
11	and terms for access to a single covered
12	electronic payment system, certain persons
13	must make initial disclosures within 30
14	days of commencement of the proceeding.
15	The 10 largest issuers for the covered elec-
16	tronic payment system, the 10 largest
17	acquirers for the covered electronic pay-
18	ment system, and any person operating or
19	controlling the covered electronic payment
20	system must produce to merchants both
21	the costs necessary to provide that elec-
22	tronic payment system for processing cred-
23	it and/or debit card transactions that were
24	incurred during the most recent full cal-
25	endar year prior to the initiation of the

1	proceeding and any agreements regarding
2	rates and terms for access to the covered
3	electronic payment system. The 10 largest
4	merchants in terms of utilization of the
5	covered electronic payment system must
6	produce to the providers of the covered
7	electronic payment system both the costs
8	necessary to access an electronic payment
9	system for processing credit and/or debit
10	card transactions during the most recent
11	full calendar year prior to the initiation of
12	the proceeding and any agreements regard-
13	ing rates and terms for access to the cov-
14	ered electronic payment system. Any dis-
15	agreement between the providers of a sin-
16	gle covered electronic payment system and
17	the merchants regarding which persons are
18	required to make such initial disclosures
19	shall be resolved by the Electronic Pay-
20	ment System Judges.
21	(iv) Depositions.—
22	(I) In a proceeding under this
23	Act to determine access rates and
24	terms, each party shall be permitted
25	to take depositions of every witness

1	identified by the other party. Each
2	party also shall be permitted to take
3	five additional depositions in the en-
4	tire proceeding.
5	(II) A deposition notice or sub-
6	poena may name as the deponent a
7	public or private corporation or a
8	partnership or association and de-
9	scribe with reasonable particularity
10	the matters on which examination is
11	requested. In that event, the organiza-
12	tion so named shall designate one or
13	more officers, directors, or managing
14	agents, or other persons who consent
15	to testify on its behalf, and may set
16	forth, for each person designated, the
17	matters on which the person will tes-
18	tify. A subpoena shall advise a non-
19	party organization of its duty to make
20	such a designation. The persons so
21	designated shall testify as to matters
22	known or reasonably available to the
23	organization.
24	(III) The Electronic Payment
25	System Judges may increase the per-

1	mitted number of depositions for good
2	cause in exceptional circumstances,
3	and shall resolve any disputes among
4	persons within either party regarding
5	the allocation of the depositions per-
6	mitted under this clause.
7	(v) Written discovery.—In a pro-
8	ceeding under this Act to determine access
9	rates and terms, each party shall be per-
10	mitted to serve written discovery requests
11	on 10 persons. These written discovery re-
12	quests may include requests for production
13	or inspection, a total of no more than 10
14	requests for admission in the entire pro-
15	ceeding, and a total of no more than 25 in-
16	terrogatories in the entire proceeding. The
17	Electronic Payment System Judges may
18	increase the permitted number of requests
19	for admission or interrogatories for good
20	cause in exceptional circumstances, and
21	shall resolve any disputes among persons
22	within either party regarding the allocation
23	of the requests for admission or interrog-
24	atories permitted under this clause.

1	(vi) Subpoenas.—Upon the request
2	of a party to a proceeding to determine ac-
3	cess rates and terms, the Electronic Pay-
4	ment System Judges may issue a subpoena
5	commanding a person to appear and give
6	testimony, or to produce and permit in-
7	spection of documents or tangible things, if
8	the Electronic Payment System Judges'
9	resolution of the proceeding may be sub-
10	stantially impaired by the absence of such
11	testimony or production of documents or
12	tangible things. Such subpoena shall speci-
13	fy with reasonable particularity the mate-
14	rials to be produced or the scope and na-
15	ture of the required testimony. Nothing in
16	this clause shall preclude the Electronic
17	Payment System Judges from requesting
18	the production by a person of information
19	or materials relevant to the resolution by
20	the Electronic Payment System Judges of
21	a material issue of fact.
22	(vii) Objections to discovery re-
23	QUESTS.—Any objection to such a request
24	or subpoena shall be resolved by a motion
25	or request to compel production made to

1	the Electronic Payment System Judges in
2	accordance with regulations adopted by the
3	Electronic Payment System Judges. Each
4	motion or request to compel discovery shall
5	be determined by the Electronic Payment
6	System Judges, or by an Electronic Pay-
7	ment System Judge when permitted under
8	subsection (a)(2). Upon such motion, the
9	Electronic Payment System Judges may
10	order discovery pursuant to regulations es-
11	tablished under this paragraph. In deter-
12	mining whether discovery will be granted
13	under this clause, the Electronic Payment
14	System Judges may consider—
15	(I) whether the burden or ex-
16	pense of producing the requested in-
17	formation or materials outweighs the
18	likely benefit, taking into account the
19	needs and resources of the parties, the
20	importance of the issues at stake, and
21	the probative value of the requested
22	information or materials in resolving
23	such issues;
24	(II) whether the requested infor-
25	mation or materials would be unrea-

1	sonably cumulative or duplicative, or
2	are obtainable from another source
3	that is more convenient, less burden-
4	some, or less expensive; and
5	(III) whether the party seeking
6	discovery has had ample opportunity
7	by discovery in the proceeding or by
8	other means to obtain the information
9	sought.
10	(viii) Voluntarily negotiated ac-
11	CESS AGREEMENTS.—In proceedings to de-
12	termine access rates and terms, the Elec-
13	tronic Payment System Judges shall make
14	available to the parties all documents filed
15	pursuant to section 3(d)(4), including re-
16	lated documentation evidencing any consid-
17	eration being given, any marketing or pro-
18	motional agreements between the parties,
19	and subsequent amendments to such
20	agreements and documentation.
21	(ix) Settlement conference.—
22	The Electronic Payment System Judges
23	shall order a settlement conference between
24	the parties in the proceeding to facilitate
25	the presentation of offers of settlement be-

1	tween the parties. The settlement con-
2	ference shall be held during a 21-day pe-
3	riod following the end of the discovery pe-
4	riod and shall take place outside the pres-
5	ence of the Electronic Payment System
6	Judges.
7	(x) DIRECT AND REBUTTAL HEAR-
8	INGS.—At the conclusion of the 21-day pe-
9	riod following the end of the discovery pe-
10	riod, the Electronic Payment System
11	Judges shall determine if further pro-
12	ceedings under this Act are necessary. If
13	so, the Electronic Payment System Judges
14	shall schedule a direct hearing of not more
15	than 30 court days and a rebuttal hearing
16	of not more than 20 court days during
17	which both parties will be allowed to put
18	on witnesses.
19	(xi) Sponsoring witnesses.—No
20	evidence, including exhibits, may be sub-
21	mitted in the written direct statement or
22	written rebuttal statement of a party with-
23	out a sponsoring witness, except for re-
24	quests for admission that have been admit-
25	ted by the receiving party, where the Elec-

1	tronic Payment System Judges have taken
2	official notice, in the case of incorporation
3	by reference of past records, or for good
4	cause shown.
5	(xii) Hearsay.—Hearsay may be ad-
6	mitted in proceedings under this Act to the
7	extent deemed relevant and reliable by the
8	Electronic Payment System Judges.
9	(xiii) Applicability of the fed-
10	ERAL RULES OF EVIDENCE.—To the extent
11	not inconsistent with this subparagraph,
12	the Federal Rules of Evidence shall apply
13	to proceedings under this Act.
14	(4) Penalties for failure to comply with
15	A DISCOVERY REQUEST.—
16	(A) FAILURE TO COMPLY.—Any person
17	fails to comply with a discovery request if they,
18	their employee, or agent fails, without substan-
19	tial justification, to:
20	(i) make initial disclosures required
21	under section 3(b)(3)(B);
22	(ii) be sworn or to answer a question
23	as a deponent after being directed to do so
24	by the Electronic Payment System Judges;

1	(iii) answer an interrogatory sub-
2	mitted pursuant to section 3(b)(3)(B);
3	(iv) produce non-privileged documents
4	requested pursuant to section 3(b)(3)(B);
5	or
6	(v) admit the genuineness of any doc-
7	ument or the truth of any matter as re-
8	quested under section 3(b)(3)(B), and the
9	person requesting the admissions there-
10	after proves the genuineness of the docu-
11	ment or the truth of the matter.
12	For purposes of this Act, any disclosure, an-
13	swer, or response that is false or substantially
14	misleading, evasive, or incomplete is to be treat-
15	ed as a failure to disclose, answer, or respond.
16	(B) Negative inference in current
17	PROCEEDING.—If any person fails to comply
18	with a discovery request, the Electronic Pay-
19	ment System Judges may issue an order that
20	the matters regarding which the order was
21	made or any other designated facts shall be
22	taken to be established for the purposes of the
23	current proceeding in accordance with the claim
24	of the person seeking discovery and obtaining
25	the order.

1	(C) CIVIL PENALTY.—
2	(i) GENERALLY.—Any person who
3	fails to comply with a discovery request
4	shall be subject to a civil penalty, which
5	shall be assessed by the Electronic Pay-
6	ment System Judges, of not more than
7	\$25,000 for each violation. Each day of
8	violation shall constitute a separate viola-
9	tion.
10	(ii) Notice and Hearings.—No civil
11	penalty may be assessed under this sub-
12	section except pursuant to an order of the
13	Electronic Payment System Judges and
14	unless the person accused of the violation
15	was given prior notice and opportunity to
16	request and participate in a hearing before
17	the Electronic Payment System Judges
18	with respect to the violation.
19	(iii) Determining amount.—In de-
20	termining the amount of any penalty as-
21	sessed pursuant to this subsection, the
22	Electronic Payment System Judges shall
23	take into account the nature, cir-
24	cumstances, extent, and gravity of the vio-
25	lation or violations and, with respect to the

1	violator, ability to pay, any prior history of
2	such violations, the degree of culpability,
3	economic benefit or savings (if any) result-
4	ing from the violation, and such other mat-
5	ters as justice may require.
6	(iv) Review.—Any person who re-
7	quested a hearing with respect to a civil
8	penalty under this subsection and who is
9	aggrieved by an order assessing the civil
10	penalty may file a petition for judicial re-
11	view of such order with the United States
12	Court of Appeals for the District of Co-
13	lumbia Circuit. Such a petition may be
14	filed only within the 30-day period begin-
15	ning on the date the order making such as-
16	sessment was issued. The court shall have
17	jurisdiction to enter a judgment affirming,
18	modifying, or setting aside in whole or in
19	part, the order of the Electronic Payment
20	System Judges, or the court may remand
21	the proceeding to the Electronic Payment
22	System Judges for such further action as
23	the court may direct. The Antitrust Divi-
24	sion shall represent the Electronic Pay-
25	ment System Judges before the court.

1	(v) Enforcement.—If any person
2	fails to pay an assessment of a civil pen-
3	alty after it has become a final and
4	unappealable order or after the appropriate
5	court has entered final judgment, the Elec-
6	tronic Payment System Judges shall re-
7	quest the Antitrust Division to institute a
8	civil action in an appropriate district court
9	of the United States to collect the penalty,
10	and such court shall have jurisdiction to
11	hear and decide any such action. In hear-
12	ing such action, the court shall have au-
13	thority to review the violation and the as-
14	sessment of the civil penalty on the record.
15	(e) Determination of Electronic Payment Sys-
16	TEM JUDGES.—
17	(1) Timing.—The Electronic Payment System
18	Judges shall issue their determination in a pro-
19	ceeding the earlier of either (i) 11 months after the
20	conclusion of the 21-day settlement conference pe-
21	riod under subsection (b)(3)(B)(ix) or (ii) 15 days
22	before the expiration of the then current statutory
23	rates and terms.
24	(2) Rehearings.—

1	(A) In General.—The Electronic Pay-
2	ment System Judges may, in exceptional cases,
3	upon motion of a party in a proceeding under
4	this Act, order a rehearing, after the determina-
5	tion in the proceeding is issued under para-
6	graph (1), on such matters as the Electronic
7	Payment System Judges determine to be appro-
8	priate.
9	(B) TIMING FOR FILING MOTION.—Any
10	motion for a rehearing under subparagraph (A)
11	may be filed only within 15 days after the date
12	on which the Electronic Payment System
13	Judges deliver to the parties in the proceeding
14	their initial determination concerning rates and
15	terms.
16	(C) Participation by opposing party
17	NOT REQUIRED.—In any case in which a re-
18	hearing is ordered, any opposing party shall not
19	be required to participate in the rehearing, ex-
20	cept that nonparticipation may give rise to the
21	limitations with respect to judicial review pro-
22	vided for in subsection (d)(1).
23	(D) No negative inference.—No nega-
24	tive inference shall be drawn from lack of par-
25	ticipation in a rehearing.

1	(E) CONTINUITY OF RATES AND TERMS.—
2	(i) If the decision of the Electronic
3	Payment System Judges on any motion for
4	a rehearing is not rendered before the expi-
5	ration of the statutory rates and terms
6	that were previously in effect, in the case
7	of a proceeding to determine successors to
8	rates and terms that expire on a specified
9	date, then the initial determination of the
10	Electronic Payment System Judges that is
11	the subject of the rehearing motion shall
12	be effective as of the day following the date
13	on which the rates and terms that were
14	previously in effect expire.
15	(ii) The pendency of a motion for a
16	rehearing under this paragraph shall not
17	relieve persons obligated to make access
18	fee payments who would be affected by the
19	determination on that motion from paying
20	the access fees required and complying
21	with the terms under the relevant deter-
22	mination or regulations.
23	(iii) Notwithstanding clause (ii),
24	whenever access fees described in clause
25	(ii) are paid, the recipient of those pav-

1	ments shall, within 60 days after the mo-
2	tion for rehearing is resolved or, if the mo-
3	tion is granted, within 60 days after the
4	rehearing is concluded, return any excess
5	amounts previously paid to the extent nec-
6	essary to comply with the final determina-
7	tion of access rates and terms by the Elec-
8	tronic Payment System Judges. Any un-
9	derpayment of access fees resulting from a
10	rehearing shall be paid within the same pe-
11	riod.
12	(3) Contents of Determination.—A deter-
13	mination of the Electronic Payment System Judges
14	shall include the rates and terms for access to the
15	relevant covered electronic payment system, shall be
16	supported by the written record, and shall set forth
17	the findings of fact relied on by the Electronic Pay-
18	ment System Judges. The Electronic Payment Sys-
19	tem Judges shall make publicly available in their en-
20	tirety all determinations issued pursuant to this
21	paragraph.
22	(4) Continuing Jurisdiction.—The Elec-
23	tronic Payment System Judges may, with the ap-
24	proval of the Antitrust Division and Commission,
25	issue an amendment to a written determination to

- correct any technical or clerical errors in the determination in response to unforeseen circumstances that would frustrate the proper implementation of such determination. Such amendment shall be set forth in a written addendum to the determination that shall be distributed to the parties to the proceeding and shall be published in the Federal Register.
 - (5) PROTECTIVE ORDER.—The Electronic Payment System Judges may issue such orders as may be appropriate to protect confidential information, including orders excluding confidential information from the record of the determination that is published or made available to the public, except that any terms or rates of an access agreement, including those set forth in filings under section 3(d)(4), may not be excluded.
 - (6) Publication of Determination.—Within 60 days of the Electronic Payment System Judges issuing a determination pursuant to this subsection, the Antitrust Division and Commission shall cause the determination, and any corrections thereto, to be published in the Federal Register. The Electronic Payment System Judges also shall publicize the determination and corrections in such other manner as

- the Antitrust Division and Commission consider appropriate, including, but not limited to, publication on the Internet. The Electronic Payment System Judges also shall make the determination, corrections, and the accompanying record available for public inspection and copying.
 - (7) Late Payment.—A determination of Electronic Payment System Judges may include terms with respect to late payment, but in no way shall such terms prevent providers of a single covered electronic payment system from asserting other rights or remedies provided under this title.

(d) Judicial Review.—

(1) APPEAL.—Any determination of the Electronic Payment System Judges under subsection (c) may, within 30 days after the publication of the determination in the Federal Register, be appealed, to the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, by any aggrieved party to the proceeding under this Act who would be bound by the determination. Any party that did not participate in a rehearing may not raise any issue that was the subject of that rehearing at any stage of judicial review of the hearing determination. If no appeal is brought within that 30-day period, the determina-

1 tion of the Electronic Payment System Judges shall 2 be final, and shall take effect as set forth in para-3 graph (2). 4 (2) Effect of rates and terms.— 5 (A) The pendency of an appeal under this 6 subsection shall not relieve persons obligated to 7 make access fee payments who would be af-8 fected by the determination on appeal from pay-9 ing the access fees required and complying with 10 the terms under the relevant determination or 11 regulations. 12 (B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), 13 whenever access fees described in subparagraph 14 (A) are paid, the recipient of such payments 15 shall, within 60 days after the final resolution 16 of the appeal, return any excess amounts pre-17 viously paid (and interest thereon, if ordered 18 pursuant to paragraph (3)) to the extent nec-19 essary to comply with the final determination of 20 access rates and terms on appeal. Any under-21 payment of access fees resulting from an appeal 22 (and interest thereon, if ordered pursuant to 23 paragraph (3)) shall be paid within the same 24 period.

1	(3) Jurisdiction of court.—If the court,
2	pursuant to section 706 of title 5, modifies or va-
3	cates a determination of the Electronic Payment
4	System Judges, the court may enter its own deter-
5	mination with respect to the amount or distribution
6	of access fees and costs, and order the repayment of
7	any excess fees, the payment of any underpaid fees,
8	and the payment of interest pertaining respectively
9	thereto, in accordance with its final judgment. The
10	court also may vacate the determination of the Elec-
11	tronic Payment System Judges and remand the case
12	to the Electronic Payment System Judges for fur-
13	ther proceedings.
14	(e) Administrative Matters.—
15	(1) Authorization of appropriations.—
16	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
17	as may be necessary to pay the costs incurred under
18	this Act. All funds made available pursuant to this
19	subparagraph shall remain available until expended.
20	(2) Positions required for administra-
21	TION.—Section 307 of the Legislative Branch Ap-
22	propriations Act, 1994, shall not apply to employee
23	positions in the Antitrust Division and Commission
24	that are required to be filled in order to carry out

1	SEC. 5. INSTITUTION OF PROCEEDINGS BEFORE ELEC-
2	TRONIC PAYMENT SYSTEM JUDGES.
3	(a) Initial Proceedings.—
4	(1) Timing.—Proceedings referred to in section
5	3(d)(1) shall be commenced as soon as practicable
6	after the effective date of the Credit Card Fair Fee
7	Act of 2008 to determine access terms and rates
8	under section 3 for access to covered electronic pay-
9	ment systems, to be effective for the period begin-
10	ning on January 1, 2010, and ending on December
11	31, 2011. The Electronic Payment System Judges
12	shall cause notice of commencement of such pro-
13	ceedings to be published in the Federal Register.
14	(2) Procedures specific to the initial
15	PROCEEDINGS.—
16	(A) DISCOVERY PERIOD.—Notwithstanding
17	section 5(b)(4)(B)(iv), discovery in the initial
18	proceedings addressed in this subsection shall
19	be permitted for a period of 90 days, except for
20	discovery ordered by the Electronic Payment
21	System Judges in connection with the resolu-
22	tion of motions, orders, and disputes pending at
23	the end of such period.
24	(B) Consideration of changes in
25	RATES AND TERMS BETWEEN DATE OF ENACT-
26	MENT AND INITIAL DETERMINATION.—In deter-

1 mining the access rates and terms under section 2 3 for access to covered electronic payment sys-3 tems, to be effective for the period beginning on 4 January 1, 2010 and ending on December 31, 2011, the Electronic Payment System Judges 5 6 shall consider changes in rates and terms made 7 by a covered electronic payments system be-8 tween the date of enactment of this Act and 9 such initial determination. Based upon such 10 consideration, the Electronic Payment System 11 Judges may adjust their determination of the 12 rates and terms for this initial proceeding to re-13 flect the economic impact such changes had on 14 the parties. 15 (b) Subsequent Proceedings.—Subsequent to the proceedings addressed in subsection (a), proceedings re-16 ferred to in section 3(d)(1) shall next be commenced in 17 18 2010 to determine access rates and terms to become effective on January 1, 2012. Thereafter, such proceedings 19 20 shall be repeated in each subsequent third calendar year. 21 The Electronic Payment System Judges shall cause notice 22 of commencement of proceedings referred to in section 3(d)(1) to be published in the Federal Register.

1	SEC. 6. GENERAL RULE FOR VOLUNTARILY NEGOTIATED
2	ACCESS AGREEMENTS.
3	Any access rates or terms under this title that—
4	(1) are agreed to pursuant to a voluntarily ne-
5	gotiated access agreement for a period shorter than
6	would otherwise apply under a determination pursu-
7	ant to this Act and
8	(2) are then adopted by the Electronic Payment
9	System Judges as part of a determination under this
10	Act
11	shall remain in effect for such period of time as would
12	otherwise apply under such determination, except that the
13	Electronic Payment System Judges shall adjust those
14	rates to reflect national monetary inflation during the ad-
15	ditional period the rates remain in effect beyond that con-
16	templated in the voluntarily negotiated access agreement.
17	SEC. 7. EFFECTIVE DATE.
18	The effective date of this Act shall be the date of en-
19	actment.